Pistinguished Lecturer Program

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Pistinguished ecturer Program



Improved Oil & Gas Recovery by Polymer Technology: EOR, Water Shutoff and Sand Control

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Society of Petroleum Engineers Distinguished Lecturer Program www.spe.org/dl

Outline

1. EOR Challenges

2. Polymer Flooding

General aspects Field case in heavy oil reservoir

3. Water Shut-Off

Fundamentals of WSO by RPMs WSO gas well field case

4. Sand Control

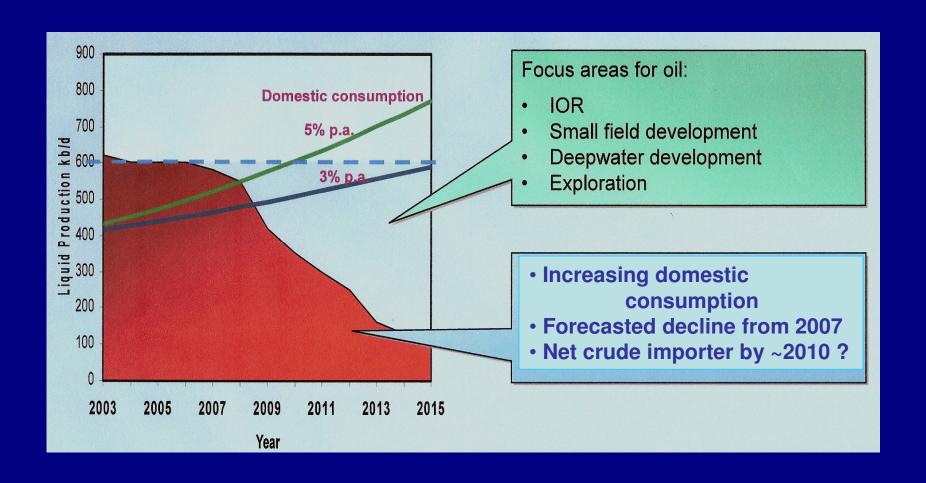
Principle of sand control by polymers Sand control in gas storage wells

5. Conclusions

EOR Challenges

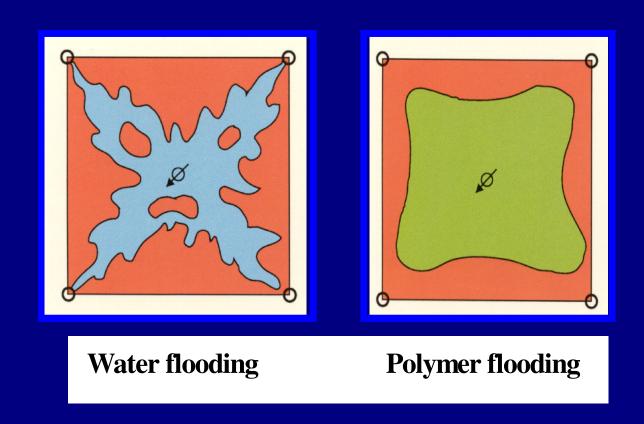
- Peak oil occurring soon, oil slow decline expected
- EOR enables increase in Recovery Factor
- Teams mobilized in Major Oil companies to implement EOR
- Chemical EOR attractive, major focus on polymers
- Low capital cost, low risk, waterflood improvement

Malaysia Scenario



EOR by Polymers

Polymer Flood improves Mobility Control, thus reservoir sweep efficiency

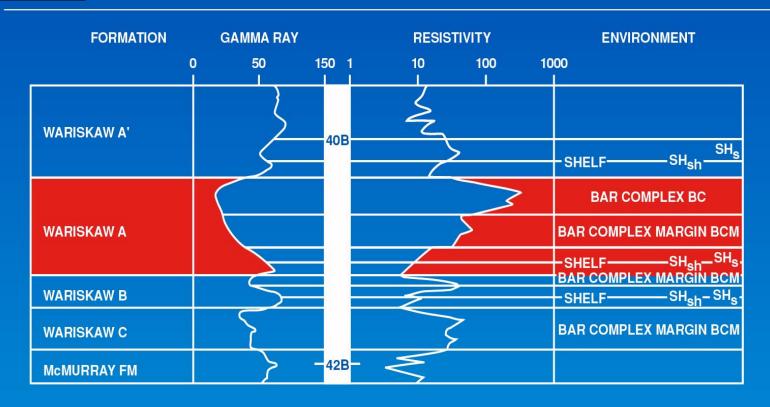


Polymer Flood: Heavy-Oil Application (Canada)

Pelican Lake heavy oil field

- High-permeability sand reservoir
- Thin continuous pay layer (4 m thick)
- Heavy oil 14° API 2000 cP
- Shallow, low temperature, fresh water
- Horizontal well primary production
- Low recovery factor (around 5%)
- RF expected to jump to 25% with polymer flood

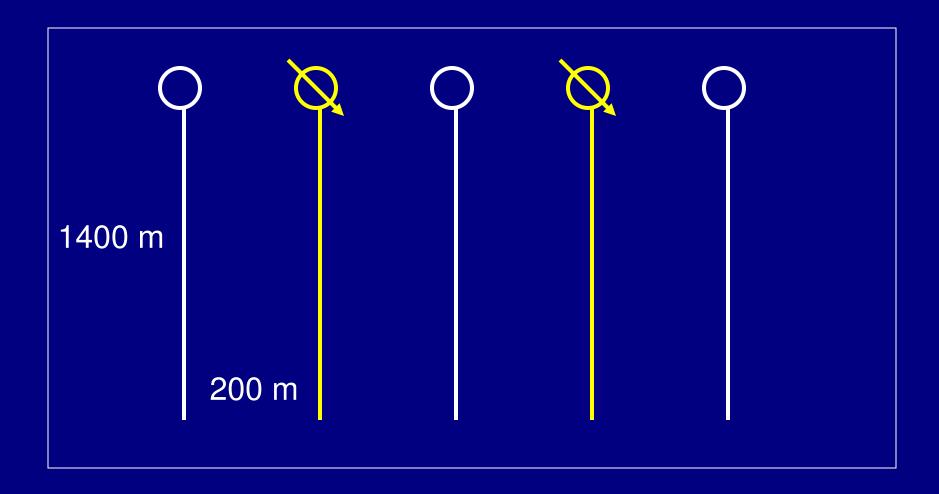
Composite log-Wabiskaw section



Typical stratigraphy in area around pilot site. Section is repeated three times except that no bar complex is present in the Wabiskaw B and C units.

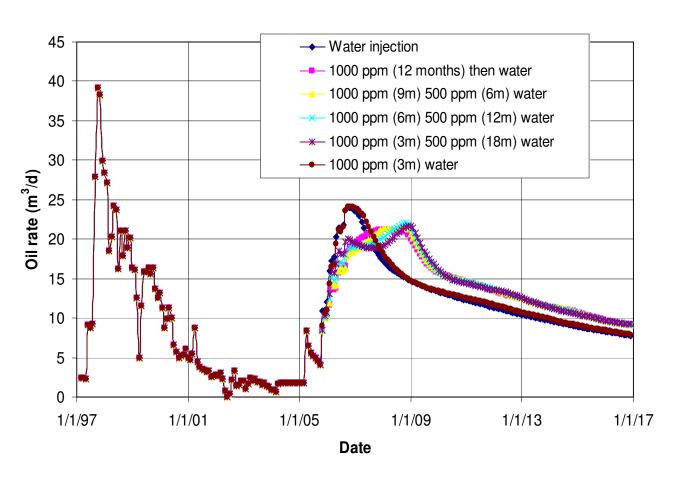
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Pelican Lake Polymer Flood Pilot



Simulation of Polymer Injection Scenarios

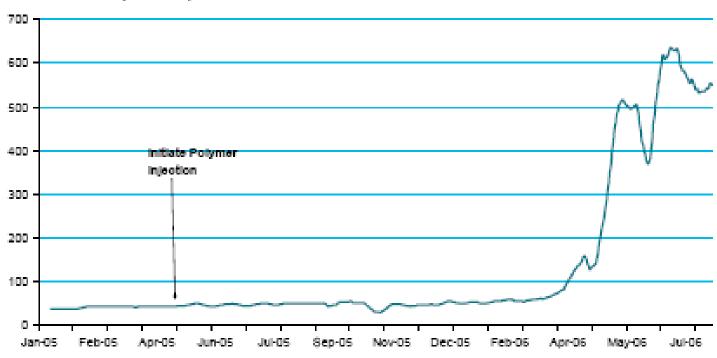




Pelican Lake Polymer Pilot Response



Oil Production (bbl/d) Wells 14-34, 15-34, 16-34











Implementing New Opportunities

Main outcomes of Polymer Flood pilot

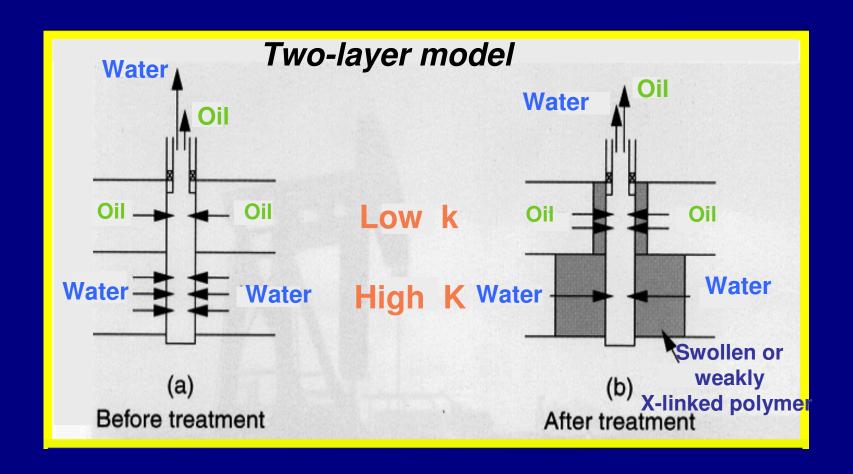
- Polymer Flood has potential in heavy-oil reservoir
- In combination with Horizontal Wells
- Integrated Lab & Simulation studies help designing pilot
- Polymer injectivity is an essential issue
- First pilot results very positive, field extension implemented by operator (270 injection wells in 2009)

Water Shutoff

Water Shutoff by Polymer/Gels

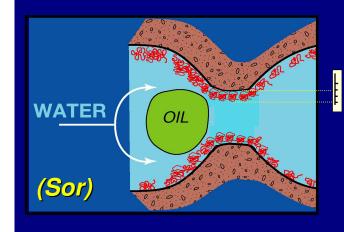
- Two strategies: (1) Sealing gels and (2) RPM
- Sealing gels block a water producing interval
- Sealing gels compete with cements or packers
- Relative Permeability Modifiers are weak polymer/gels
- Usually "bullhead" injected into the whole open interval = cost effective
- Maintain oil/gas permeability while reducing strongly water permeability

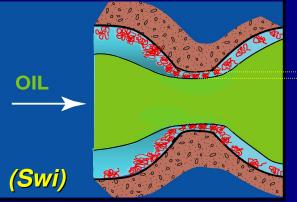
Principle of WSO by RPM Polymers



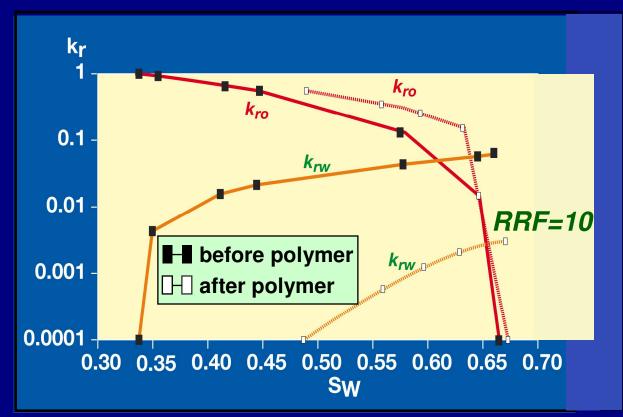
Principle of RPM treatments

Modification of Relative Permeability by Polymer Adsorption

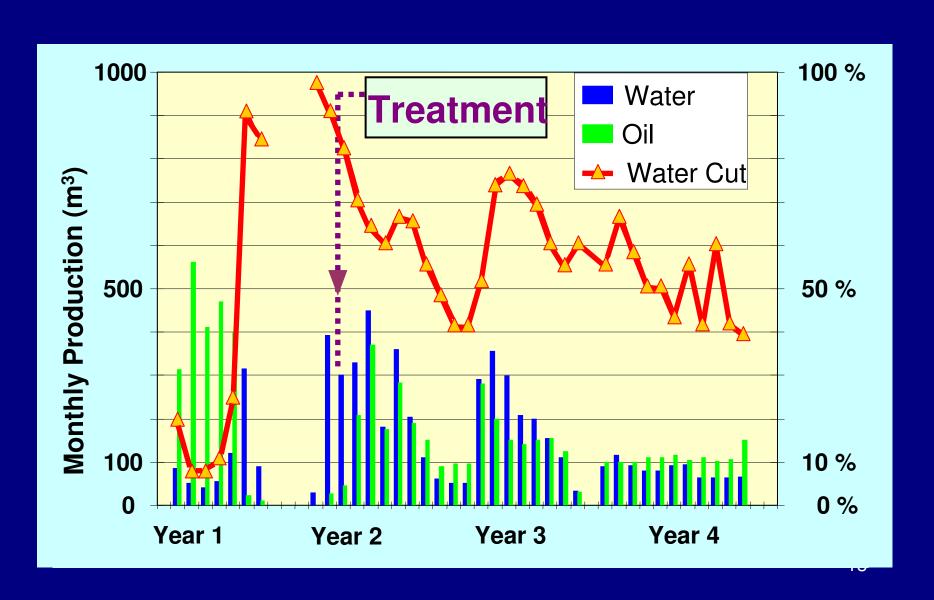




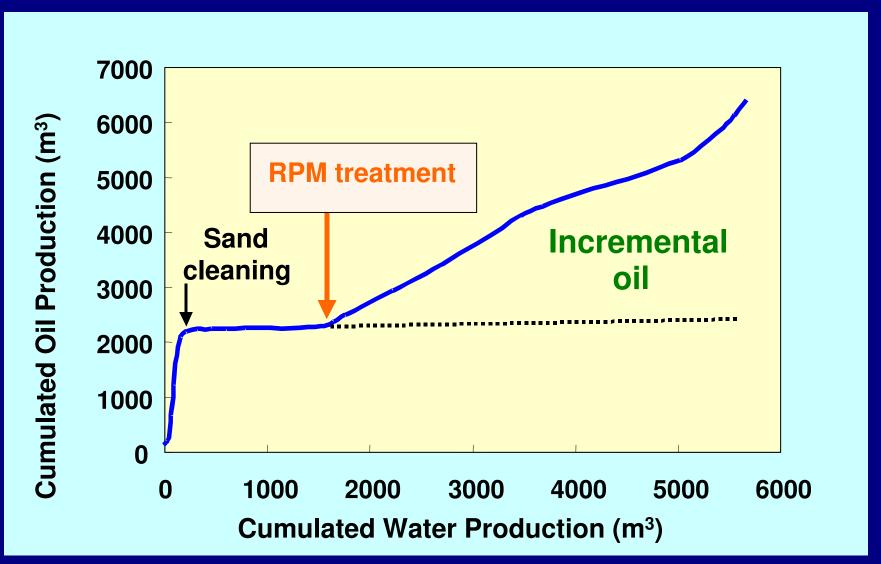
Adsorbed polymer or microgels



Example of successfull WSO treatment Pelican Lake Horizontal Well 11-15A (Canada)

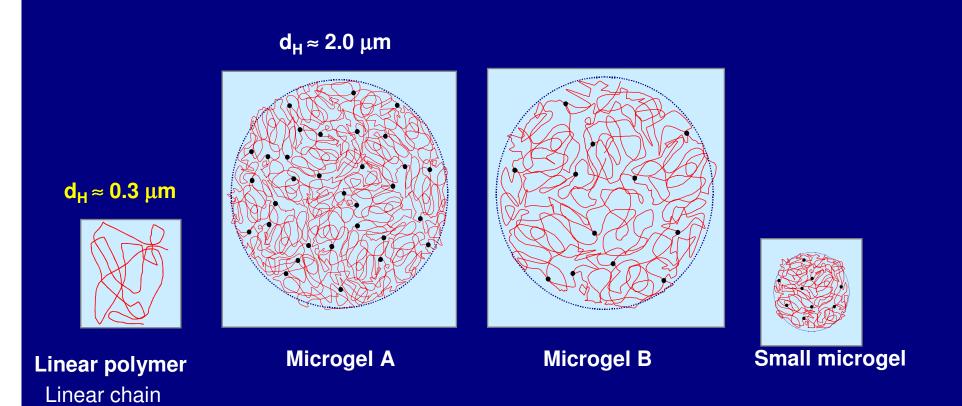


Successful WSO treatment in horizontal well (Canada)



New Microgel Technology

SMG are calibrated microgels larger and more stable than conventional polymers

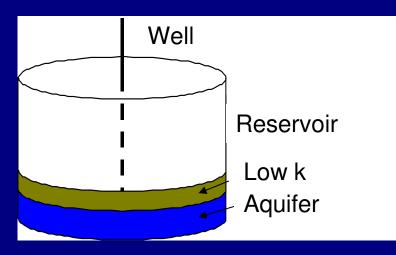


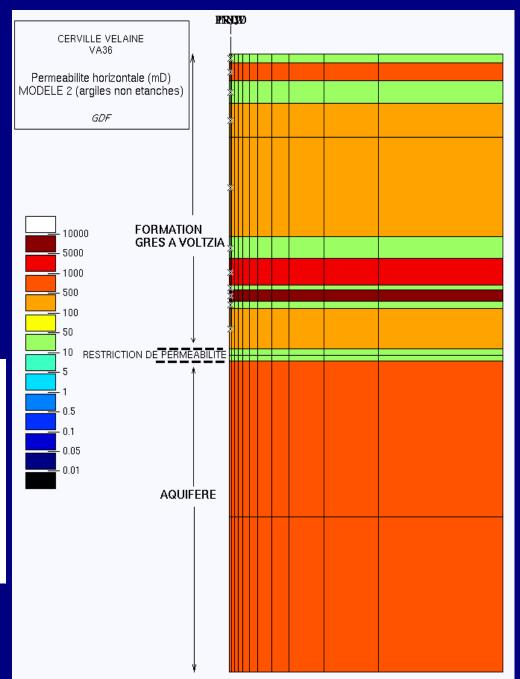
Several Microgel products proposed today

- "Brightwater" (Popping microgel)
- "Colloidal Dispersion Gels" (CDG)
- "SMG" (Small calibrated microgels)
- "PPG" (Preformed Particle Gels to plug thief zones)
- More used for Conformance Injection well treatments

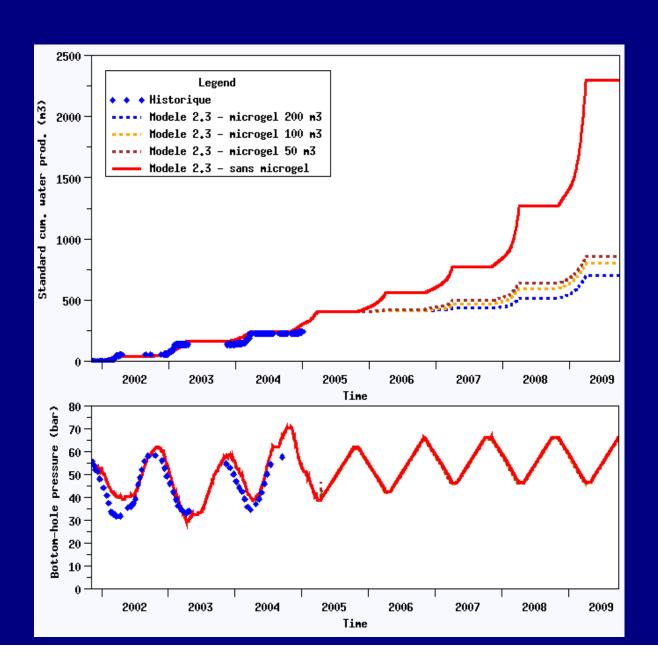
Example of integrated study: Water Shutoff in a Gas storage well Cerville (GDF) (SPE 106042)

Model construction

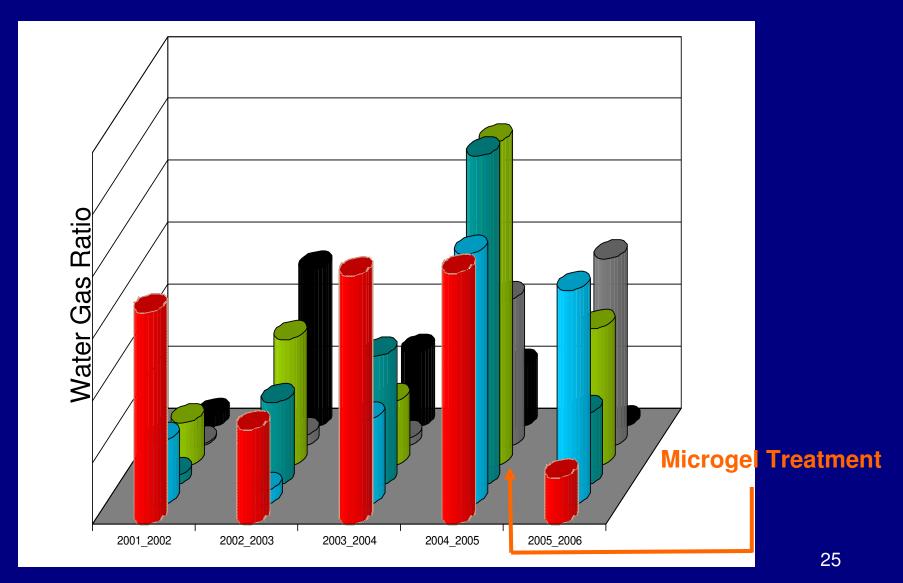




Simulation forecasts

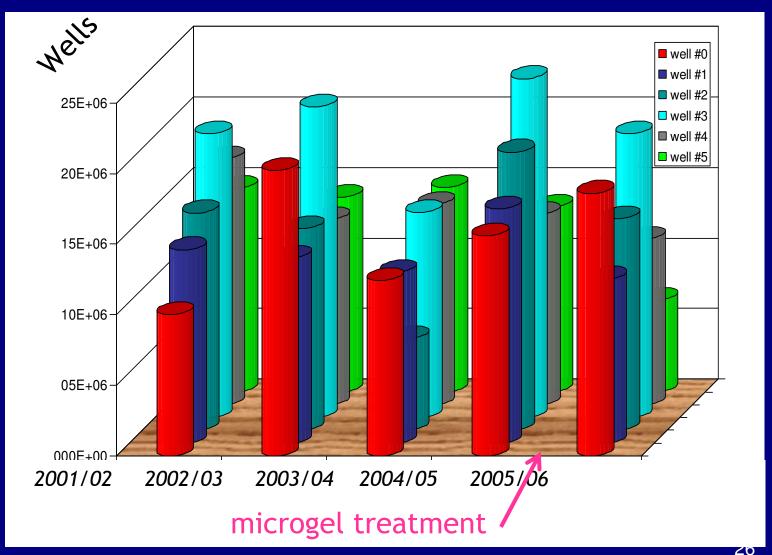


Effect of Microgel WSO treatment on gas well Drop in water production



Effect of Microgel WSO treatment on gas well

Increase in Gas Production rate

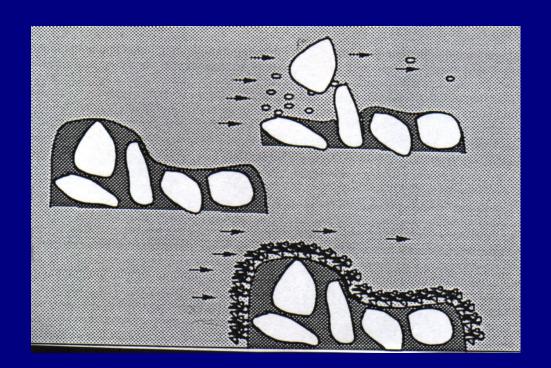


Sand Control by Polymers



Principle of action:

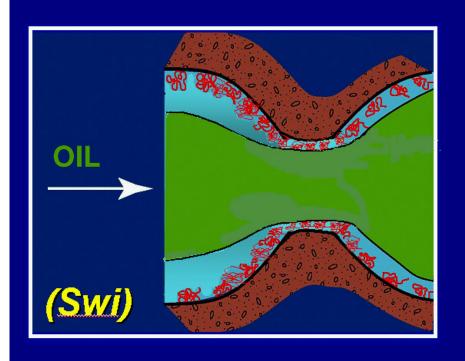
Stabilization of rock cement by "coating" with adsorbed polymer/microgel layer



Chemical sand consolidation

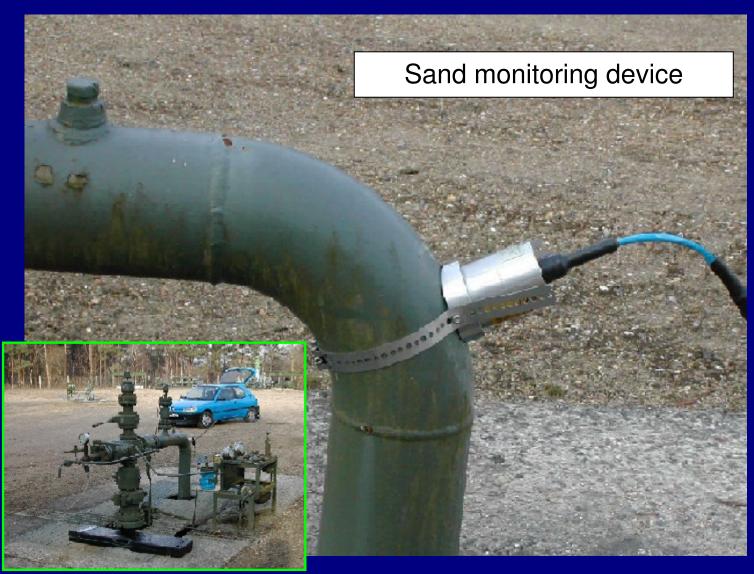
- Two types of products; (1) Oil-based, (2) Water based
- Oil-based product: resins and organo-silanes
- Resins form hard solid compounds
- Formulations have to re-establish oil/gas permeability
- Water-based polymers are environmentally friendly
- Lower consistency than resins, deeper penetration
- Low costs compared to sand control completions

Advantages of water-based RPM polymer products



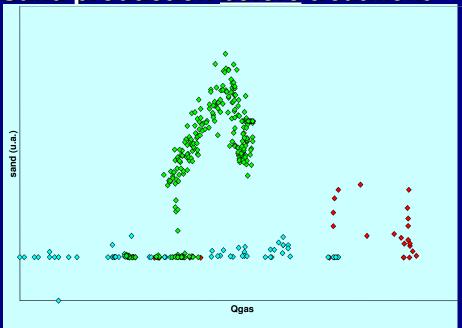
- Treatment has little impact on oil or gas permeability
- Thus, can be injected into existing completion with no risk of well plugging
- Deeper penetration possible than with resins or cement, also much thicker intervals
- Environmentally friendly water based RPM products

Microgel treatment: effect on sand production



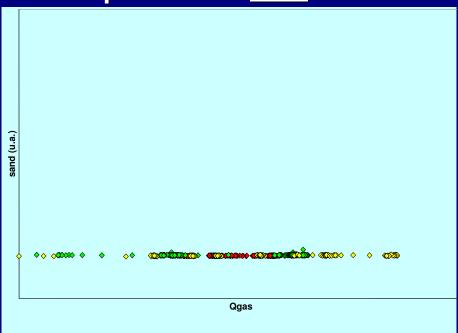
Effect of Microgel Treatment on Sand Production

Sand production <u>before</u> treatment



Sand impacts at wellhead

Sand production <u>after</u> treatment



Conclusions

- Polymer Technology has great potential
- Easier and cheaper than other IOR methods
- Both EOR (reservoir) & WSO/Sand Control (near-wellbore) applications
- New products available (microgels)
- Environmentally friendly (water based)

Conclusions (II)

- Broadening field of applications: Sand Control & EOR in Heavy Oil fields
- New products in WSO and Conformance, more stable than conventional polymers (microgels)
- Lab/Simulations integrated studies improve process control & success rate