

Society of Petroleum Engineers

Blockchain & Smart Contracts in Oil & Gas industry

Jun 2022



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BLOCKCHAIN

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Context

Business Impact and Blockchain Potential

About blockchain meaning and its impact in business

- As an early definition, we can say Blockchain is a system of recording information in a way that makes it very difficult or almost impossible to change, hack, or crack.
- Is a digital book of transactions that is shared by all the computers of a network, creating a decentralized way of store information.
- Based on previous definitions, and taking into account that the world surrounding us is full of transactions in our daily basis (contracts, exchange, and all kinds of operations of our economic, legal, social and political systems), we can assume that an almost inviolable information system can act as a "source of true", that can create a revolution in our society, impacting in the interactions between governments, organizations, communities and individuals.
- For many years we've heard that blockchain has the potential to change companies and economies, and even we are aware of its potential, there are some practical considerations about blockchain itself, that we need to know to leverage its potential.
- Oil & Gas industry offer a wide range of opportunities in Smart Contracts brings economics efficiencies and agile recognition system for performance. It also provides unique technology for open information sharing with trust and trace tools.

Blockchain in numbers

- •Blockchain became famous when it was released to be the ledger implementation for Bitcoin crypto in 2008
- •The number of **registered blockchain** wallets in the second quarter of 2021 was more than **70 million**.
- •The global blockchain market will be worth \$1,431.54 billion by 2030, growing at a CAGR of approximately 85.9% between 2022 and 2030.
- •Blockchain could **boost global GDP by** \$1.76 trillion by 2030.
- •96% of financial service experts believe blockchain has achieved mainstream adoption.
- •Blockchain in manufacturing is growing at a rate of **73%**, between the years of 2022 and 2026.
- The first NFT was created in 2014. NFT market was worth \$41 billion in 2021

Development Center London, UK

Blockchain Concepts

BLOCKCHAIN

What is Blockchain?



- The **technology** behind Bitcoin and other cryptocurrencies
- Distributed, peer-to-peer network
- Requires no central authority
- A ledger of transactions, grouped in blocks that are chained each other, and **replicated** to all servers
- Digital cryptography ensures
 - Transactions are **verifiable**
 - System is tamper-proof
- Ledger updates are applied through automated network consensus

	Internet of Value							
Blockchain		Bitcoin		Other Applications				

Why was it invented?

Because "... no mechanism exists to make payments over a communications channel without a trusted party"



Advantages of Blockchain

What Makes Blockchain Different?

Decentralized – Enables peer to peer exchange with no central authority, no central controller

Distributed – Each independent node contains a complete copy of the database making the network highly resilient

Proof of ownership – Cryptographic keys ensure ownership of assets

Proof of authorship – Digital signatures provide proof of a transaction's origin

Tamper proof – Digital cryptography binds each block of transactions to its predecessor making any changes instantly detectable

Network-based Consensus - Entire network agrees on validity of updates through software based consensus models

Transactions and Blocks

Transactions

Transactions are like lines in a double-entry bookkeeping ledger. Nodes creates transactions and miners groups them in blocks to add to the blockchain and perform verification and add security

Transaction as Double-Entry Bookkeeping							
Inputs	Value		Outputs	Value			
Input 1 Input 2 Input 3 Input 4	0.10 BTC 0.20 BTC 0.10 BTC 0.15 BTC		Output 1 Output 2 Output 3	0.10 BTC 0.20 BTC 0.20 BTC			
Total Inputs:	0.55 BTC		Total Outputs:	0.50 BTC			
-	Inputs 0. <u>Outputs 0.</u> Difference 0.	55 BTC <u>50 BTC</u> 05 BTC (impl	ied transaction fee)				

Blocks

Is a group of transactions that starts as candidate block and as it is validated, the block is added to the chain. Each block is chained with the digest of the previous block.



https://www.blockchain.com/es/explorer

Consensus Mechanisms

Blockchain Consensus algorithms ensure each new block added to the network is the **only version of the truth**, which is **agreed by all** the nodes in a distributed/decentralized computing **network**. The 2 main consensus mechanisms are:

Miners / Validators

These are **nodes** that are part of the network and perform **validation of the blocks** and keep the network safe. For that, they get **rewards** by "mining" **new tokens** (i.e. new issued Bitcoins) and getting the **fees** of the transactions.

Proof of Work

Solve a **highly complex maths problem** in a race, where the first "miner" that finds the result wins the race and the block is **added to the chain**



Proof of Stake

Validators nodes deposit a **stake as warranty**, and validate blocks and **adds them to the chain**. If the network **detects a fraudulent** validation, the validator node **lose the stake**.



Development Center Montevideo, Uruguay

Smart Contracts

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Blockchains Generations



2015

Bitcoin

2009

1st generation blockchain is based on coins with proof of work

Key Features

- Secure and tamper proof transactions
- No intermediary (P2P)

Applications:

Digital currency

Throughput:

• 7 TPS

2nd generation blockchain is based on smart contracts and proof of work

Key Features

- Smart Contracts
- Digital Ecosystem to write new cryptocurrencies

Applications: Gen 1 +:

- Distributed Apps (DApps)
- DeFi, Gaming, Id Mgmnt, etc...

Throughput:

• 15 TPS





today

3rd generation blockchain cryptocurrencies are Proof of Anything

Key Features

- Increased Scalability
- Interoperability
- Public / Private
 Permissioned / Permissionless

Application: Gen 2 +

- Off-chain scaling solutions
- Innovation and the future....

Throughput:

• N x 100,000 TPS

BLOCKCHAIN

Ethereum Smart Contracts

Programs stored on a blockchain that run when predetermined conditions are met.



SMART CONTRACTS

- Cryptocurrencies
- Utility Tokens
- NFTs
- ...





Smart contracts are a reliable way to carry out transactions requiring trust, transparency, and anonymity among stakeholders.

Ethereum Smart Contracts - Example

Illustrative Example: Smart Contract in a Supply Chain: Pay the fee to the provider based on delivery time SLA compliance.



Use Cases

BLOCKCHAIN

Use cases



THE BLOCK Research

Polygon's Ecosystem



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Use cases





ENERGY

confidentiality.

Public Registry.

COMPUTATION

Amazon Web

security.

ADVERTISING

Advertising

blockchain as a

for publishers.





Practical cases @ Oil&Gas

JOURNAL OF PETROLEUM TECHNOLOGY

Building a Defensible Digital Network Business

Digital data startups face many hazards, from potential customers unwilling to share data to buyers who just do not see the payoff in what they are selling.

February 17, 2021 By Stephen Rassenfoss y (m @ O (i)



A section of computing nodes on a circuit board shows computing power adn intelligence Credit: Jonathan Kitchen/Getty Images.

Testing a System Where Machines Decide How Much to Pay a Trucker, and Send a Check

Ten big names in the oil and gas business created a group to try out ways to use blockchain in the oil business, and test if the record keeping and automatic data collection software can track water shipments more efficiently.

September 22, 2019 By Stephen Rassenfoss Journal of Petroleum Technology



The Ultimate Breakthrough for Drilling Automation May Be Simply Finding a **Business** Case

Drilling automation champions met to identify where this emerging technology needs to be by the end of the decade. What they ended up agreeing on most was that the business models used today are largely incompatible with the technology of the future.

May 1, 2022 By Trent Jacobs Journal of Petroleum Technology



Final Thoughts

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Takeaways:

- Blockchain is not just a technology for Cryptocurrencies
- Blockchain is a cutting edge technology already present in Energy industry as part as revolution 4.0
- Open data sharing with quality and tracing assurance is feasible with decentralized tokenization
- Smart contracts are unlocking new efficiency rate in services and open B2B environment
- Energy industry could benefit from others industries that are bringing new players based in Blockchain solutions

Thank you.

